1) Your Name _____________________________________

2) Professor’s Name ________________________________

Let’s say we want to locate some articles about texting and driving . . .

Directions:

a) Go to the Library Homepage (http://www.calstatela.edu/library)
b) Click on the “Articles & Databases” tab.
c) Use the drop-down box labeled “Choose a Database by Name” to select “Academic Search Premiere”
d) Click the “Go” button
e) In the first search box, enter the word: texting
f) In the second search box, enter the word: driving

(Note that you are doing a "boolean" search -- combing both terms with the connector AND)

3) How many results do you get? ____

Now in the third search box, enter the words: United States and click the search button again.

4) How many results do you get this time? ____

5) Why is the number of articles found smaller?

Look at your list of search results and find an article that looks interesting to you. Click on the title of the article and provide the following information:

Article title:  _____________________________________________________________________
Author(s):  ______________________________________________________________________
Name of the journal (Also called the “source”):  _________________________________________
One way to improve your search strategy is to look at the **subject terms** assigned to the article. You can click on those subject term links to find other similar articles.

10. What are some of the "subject terms" that were given to this article?

_________________  ____________________  ____________________

Professors often ask you to use scholarly (also called "peer-reviewed") articles. Peer-reviewed means the articles are academic and have been refereed by experts in the article’s field of study.

Click on “Results List” to go back to the search results page which lists all of the articles you found when you searched “texting and driving and United States”

On the left side of the page you’ll see an area labeled “**Refine your results.**”

Check the ☐ Peer Reviewed box, then click the Update button to see your new results.

Choose one scholarly (peer-reviewed) article from the results list and provide the following information

Article title: __________________________________________________________

Author(s): _____________________________________________________________

Name of the journal (Also called the “source”): _____________________________

Is the full text of the article available?  Yes ____  No ____

If not, try clicking on the 🌐 Find it! button to see if we might have the article online or in the library.